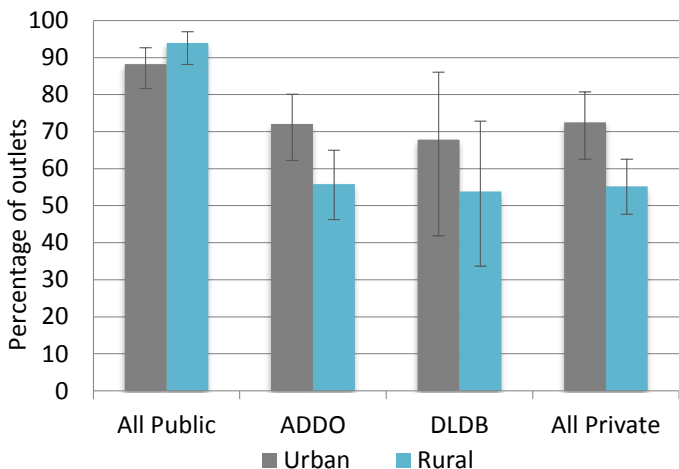


# Antimalarial Market Intelligence in Tanzania: Urban Rural ACTwatch Findings 2016



## Availability\*\* of Quality Assured (QA)

**QA ACT:** Availability was higher in urban areas than rural areas.



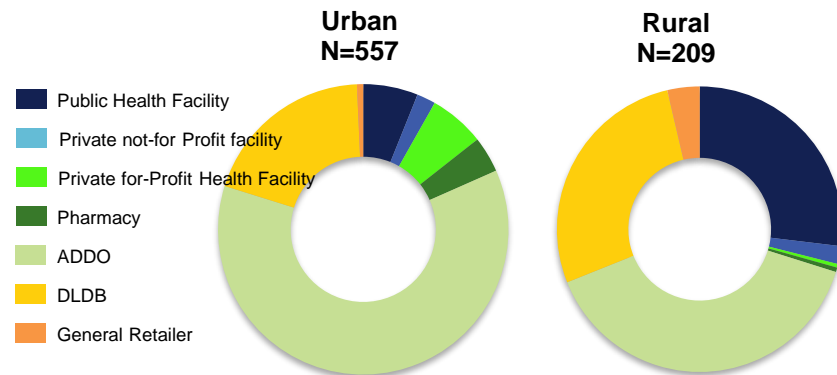
**85% urban**

**76% rural**

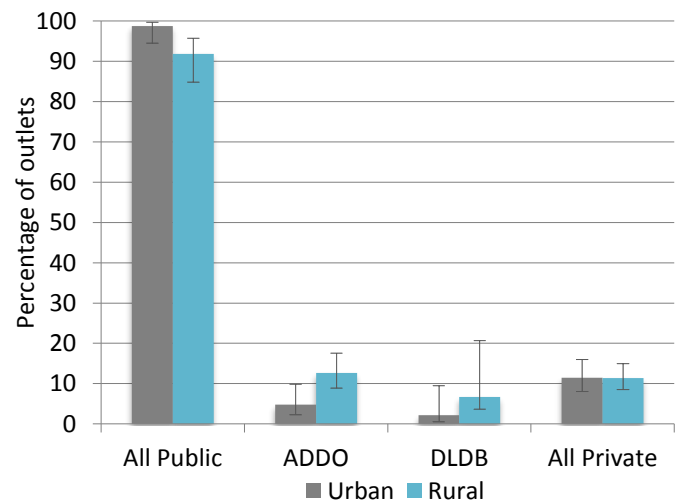
**PHF availability\* of severe malaria treatment**



**Antimalarial market composition:** The public sector accounts for 1 in 3 antimalarial service delivery points in rural areas and 1 in 10 in urban areas.



**Confirmatory testing availability\*\*:** higher among ADDOs in rural areas than urban areas

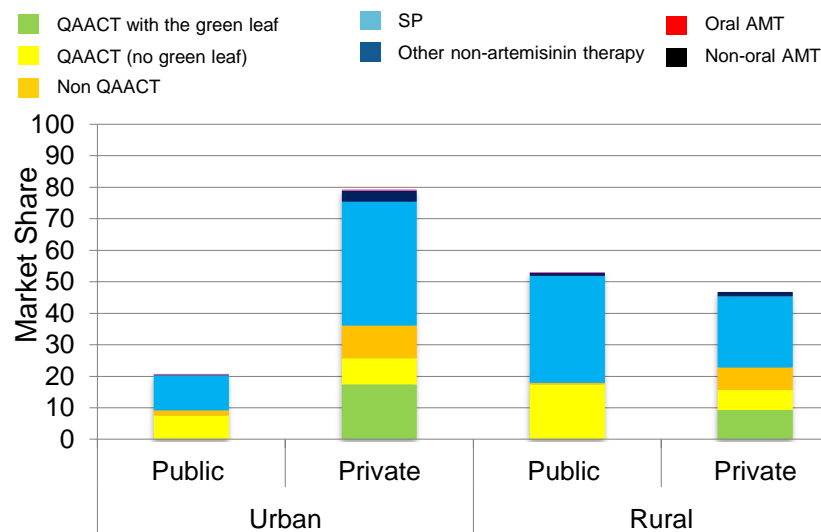


## Private Sector Price (in 2010 USD)

	Rural	Urban
QAACT	\$1.40	\$1.63
SP	\$1.05	\$1.05
non-QA ACT	\$1.40	\$4.65
mRDT	\$0.47	\$0.93

Price of malaria commodities was generally higher in urban areas than rural areas

**Market share:** Most of the antimalarials were distributed in the private sector in urban areas: in contrast most of the antimalarials were distributed in the public sector in rural areas.



\* among all screened outlets; \*\*among all antimalarial-stocking outlets